## **BUDHA DAL PUBLIC SCHOOL, SAMANA**

## **LESSON PLAN**

## **CLASS - XI**

## SUBJECT - ACCOUNTANCY SYLLABUS - TERM - I

Name of Teacher: Ms. Shafali Jindal

UNIT - 1	Theoretical Frame Work
Ch - 1	Introduction to Accounting
Ch - 2	Basic Accounting Terms
Ch - 3	Theory Base of Accounting, Accounting Standards and Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS)
Ch - 4	Bases of Accounting
UNIT - 2	Accounting Process
Ch - 5	Accounting Equation
Ch - 6	Accounting Procedures - Rules of Debit and Credit
Ch - 7	Origin of Transactions - Sources Documents and Preparation of Vouchers
Ch - 8	Journal
Ch - 9	Ledger
Ch - 10	Special Purpose Books I - Cash Book
Ch - 11	Special Purpose Books II - Other Books
Ch - 12	Bank Reconciliation Statement
Ch - 13	Trial Balance
Ch - 14	Depreciation
Ch - 15	Provisions and Reserves

#### • Project on Financial Statements

## **Lesson Title:- Introduction to Accountancy**

Technology used	Zoom, slide show and Google form will be used as software tools for better understanding of A counting.		
	<ul><li>understanding of Accounting.</li><li>Smart board, White Board and Text - Book will be used as hardware tools.</li></ul>		
Previous	What is commerce?		
<b>Knowledge Testing</b>	What is accounting?		
	Who maintains books of accounts?		
	Why is it important to maintain books of accounts?		
Learning Objectives	<ul> <li>To enable students in describing them meaning, significance, objectives, advantages and limitations of accounting in the modern economic environment with varied types of business and non - business economic entities.</li> <li>To identify / recognize the individual (s) and entities that use accounting</li> </ul>		
Curriculum	information for serving their needs of decision making.  Following topics will be explained:		
Addressed	Meaning and deifications of Accounting.		
ruui esseu	Attributes (characteristics) of Accounting.		
	Objectives of Accounting.		
	Functions of Accounting.		
	Advantages of Accounting.		
	Limitation of Accounting.		
	Role of Accounting in Business		
	Accounting Process		
	Branches of Accounting		
	Book - keeping, Accounting and Accountancy		
	Qualitative characteristics of Accounting Information		
	Users of Accounting Information		
	Systems of Accounting		
Other Resources	Assignments, PPT's and NCERT reference books will be provided for more practice.		
	Case studies will be given to students to clear the topic.		
	Library resources, video lessons and you tube link will be shared -		
	https://youtu.be/48 _ v1aXJR1g		
	Diksha link will be shared -		
	https://diksha.gov.in/play/collection/do_31310347535505817611436?referrer=utm		
	_ source % 3D mobile % 26 utm _ campaign % 3D share _ content		
Student	• Students will be given examples, pictures and flow charts to make in the notebook.		
Engagement	• Students will be given situation based questions to involve their active		
	participation and explain the topic well.		
Art Integration	Flow charts, examples and diagrams will be used to explain the topic.		
towards	Competency - This topic allows the students to advance their technical, problem -		
Experiential	solving and communicating skills		
learning and subject enrichment			
subject em femment			

	Accounting Process  Financial Transactions and Events  Journal 1. Cash Book 2. Purchases Book 3. Sales Book 4. Purchases Return Book 5. Sales Return Book 6. Billis Payable Book* 7. Bills Recevable Book* 8. Journal Proper  Classifying (Posting Into Ledger)  With the changing times, following specialised branches of accounting have emerged to meet the changed requirements:  Branches of Accounting  Management Accounting		
Teaching Strategies	<ul> <li>Questioning and Discussion will be done</li> <li>Writing for the purpose of learning and thinking.</li> <li>Students use knowledge, concepts and skills relevant to a course to solve realistic business problems.</li> </ul>		
Evaluation	MCQ will be taken through Google form for evaluation of students.  Class test will be taken, assignments will be collected and PPT's will be checked.		
Recapitulation	In order to test the understanding of students; students will be choosen at random and will be asked to solve the numerical and in case of unsuccessful attempt, the procedure will be explained again.		
Teacher self assessment	The chapter includes active participation of students. They gave good response and understood the concept well. The strength of the lesson was usage of latest technology.		

## **Lesson Title:- Basic Accounting Terms**

Technology used	<ul> <li>Zoom, slide show and Google form will be used as software tools for better understanding of Accounting terms.</li> <li>Smart board, White Board and Text - Book will be used as hardware tools.</li> </ul>		
Previous Knowledge Testing	<ul> <li>What is an entity?</li> <li>What is a business transaction?</li> <li>What is capital?</li> <li>Who is proprietor?</li> </ul>		
Learning Objectives	<ul> <li>To enable them in understanding about various terms used in accounting and differentiate between related terms like current and non - current, capital and revenue.</li> <li>To make them able to give examples of terms like business transaction, liabilities, assets, expenditure and revenue.</li> <li>To provide knowledge about sales / purchases including both cash and credit sale / purchase relating to accounting year.</li> <li>To enable them in differentiating among income, profit and gains.</li> </ul>		
Curriculum	Following topics will be expla		
Addressed	(1) Business Transaction	(2) Capital	(3) Liabilities
Other Resources	<ul><li>clarity.</li><li>Assignments, PPTs and I practice.</li></ul>	(16) Debit (19) Rebate (22) Drawings (25) Purchases return (28) Trade Receivabl (31) Balance Sheet (34) Depreciation (37) Solvent  a based questions will  NCERT reference book	les (29) Trade payables (32) Books of Account (35) Entry  be given to students for more oks will be provided for more
	<ul> <li>Library resources, video lessons and you tube link will be shared - https://youtu.be/GB246gcXDVI</li> <li>Diksha link will be shared - https://diksha.gov.in / play / collection / do _ 31310347535505817611436? referrer = utm _ source % 3D mobile % 26 utm _ campaign % 3D share _ content</li> </ul>		
Student Engagement	<ul> <li>Students will be given situation based questions to involve their active participation and explain the topic well.</li> <li>Students will be asked to drawn flow charts, paste pictures or make diagram of the chapter to make it more interesting with active participation.</li> </ul>		

Art Integration	Flow charts, pictures a	and examples will	be used to make	the topic easily
towards Experiential	understandable			
learning and subject	Competency - It will improve their communication skills, creativity, problem -			
enrichment	Solving skills and their practical approach towards numerical.			
		Business Transac	etion	
	<b>—</b>	<b>+</b>		<b>→</b>
	Relationship with t	he	Mode of Settle	ement of value
	Accounting Unit			
	<b>—</b>			<del>\</del>
	Internal Transaction	External	Cash	Credit
	of Accounting	Transaction	Transaction	Transaction
	Transaction, e.g.,	Or	Transaction	Tansaction
	Depreciation on			
	Fixed Assets Unit	Business		
		Transaction		
Teaching Strategies	Debate - students work together in teams, collaborating to complete a problem or			
	project			
	Technology based learning			
<b>Evaluation</b>	Interaction and explanation method will be used.			
Evaluation	Class Tests will be taken assignments will be collected and PPTs will be checked  for evaluation.			
	for evaluation.  • MCO will be taken through Cooole forms			
Recapitulation	<ul> <li>MCQ will be taken through Google form.</li> <li>Teacher will recapitulate the chapter by asking some questions which helps to take</li> </ul>			
Recapitulation	attention of students. The chapter will be summarized in case of queries.			
	attention of students. The chapter will be summarized in case of queries.			
Teacher self	The chapter includes active participation of students. They gave good response and			
assessment	understood the concept well. The strength of the lesson was that latest technology			
	was used.			

## Lesson Title:- Theory Base of Accounting, Accounting Standards and IFRS

Technology used	<ul> <li>Zoom, slide show and Google form will be used as software tools to explain theory base of Accounting, Accounting Standards and IFRS in a better way.</li> <li>Smart board, White Board and Text - Book will be used as software tools to explain better.</li> </ul>	
Previous Knowledge	• What are Principles?	
Testing	What are Accounting Principles?	
	• Is there any requirement of some common principles for all firms?	
	• What is IFRS?	
<b>Learning Objectives</b>	After going through this chapter, the students will be able to:	
	• State the meaning of fundamental accounting assumptions and their relevance in	
	accounting.	
	Describe the meaning of accounting assumptions and the situation in which an	
	assumption is applied during the accounting process.	
	• Explain the meaning and objectives of accounting standards.	
	Explain the bases of recording accounting transaction	
	Understand the need of IFRS.	
	• Explain the meaning, objective and characteristic of GST.	
Curriculum	Following topics will be explained:	
Addressed	Meaning and Nature of Accounting Principles.  Principles.	
	• Features of Accounting Principles.	
	Necessity of Accounting Principles.  Contact the Accounting Principles.	
	• Fundamental Accounting Assumptions or Concepts	
	Accounting Principles     Accounting Standards	
	Accounting Standards     Manning of Accounting Standards	
	Meaning of Accounting Standards     Notice of Accounting Standards	
	Nature of Accounting Standards     Concert of Accounting Standards	
	<ul><li>Concept of Accounting Standards</li><li>Objectives and utility of Accounting Standards</li></ul>	
	<ul> <li>Objectives and utility of Accounting Standards</li> <li>International Anancial Reporting Standards (FRS) and Indian Accounting</li> </ul>	
	Standards (Ind - AS)	
Other Deserves		
Other Resources	• Assignments, PPTs and NCERT reference books will be provided for more practice.	
	<ul> <li>Case based questions will be given to students for more clarity.</li> </ul>	
	Library resources, video lessons and you tube link will be shared -	
	https://youtu.be/FuDfXg40nzc	
	Diksha link will be shared -	
	https://diksha.gov.in / play / collection / do _ 31310347535505817611436?	
	referrer = utm _ source % 3D mobile % 26 utm _ campaign % 3D share _ content	
Student Engagement	Students will be asked to draw diagrams, flow charts and paste pictures of the	
	chapter to make it more interesting with active participation.	
	• Students will be given case based questions to involve their active participation	
	and explain the topic well.	

#### Flow charts, examples and pictures will be used to make the chapter easily **Art Integration** towards Experiential understandable. learning and subject Competency - It will improve their communication skills, creative skills, concentration, understanding, deep thinking skill and problem solving skills among enrichment the students. International Financial **Reporting Standards Accounting Principles** Accounting Accounting Accounting Constraints Concepts Assumptions Conservatism Matching Principle 3. Consistency Full Disclosure Cost Benefit Historical Cost Objectivity **Teaching Strategies** Interaction and explanation method will be used. Demonstration technique will be used. Questioning and discussion includes questioning students in a way that helps them to evaluate their own thought process. Evaluation MCQ will be taken through Google form for evaluation. Class test will be taken, assignments will be collected and PPTs will be checked. After completion of the chapters students would be asking their querries. Summary Recapitulation of the chapter would be explained to students.

Teacher self assessment

technology.

The chapter included active participation of students. They gave good response and

understood the concept well. The strength of the lesson was usage of latest

## **Lesson Title:- Bases of Accounting**

	T		
Technology used	• Zoom, slide show and Google form will be used as software tools to explain theory base of Accounting, Accounting Standards and IFRS in a better way.		
	Smart board, White Board and Text - Book will be used as hardware tools to		
	explain better.	ild Text - Book will be used as hardware tools to	
	onplant const.		
Previous Knowledge	• What is the main function of a	accounting?	
Testing	Are only cash transactions rec		
	• Is it important to record credit		
	_	vided when transactions will be recorded?	
	(a) Cash (b) Credit	(c) Bank (d) Both (a) and (b)	
Learning Objectives	It will enable students about the	bases of recording accounting transaction and to	
	appreciate that accrual basis is	a better basis for depicting the correct financial	
	position of an enterprise.		
C	D CA		
Curriculum Addressed	<ul><li>Bases of Accounting</li><li>Cash Basis</li></ul>		
Addressed	<ul><li>Cash Basis</li><li>Accrual Basis</li></ul>		
		asis and each basis of Association	
	• Difference between Acciual b	asis and cash basis of Accounting.	
Other Resources	Assignments, PPTs and NC	ERT reference books will be provided for more	
Other Resources	practice.	ERT reference books will be provided for more	
	•	sed questions will be given to students for more	
	clarity.		
		ns and you tube link will be shared -	
	https://youtu.be/vgkwo yMl		
	Diksha link will be shared -		
Student Engagement	Students will be asked to draw flow charts, tables and diagrams and to paste the		
	pictures of the chapter to make it more interesting.		
	Situation based questions will be	given to students for their active participation.	
Art Integration	Flow charts, tables and diagr	rams will be used to make the topic easily	
towards Experiential	understandable.		
learning and subject	Competency - It will improve their technical skills, creativity and deep thinking		
enrichment	skills.		
	Bases of Accounting		
	Cash Basis of Accounting	Accrual Basis of Accounting	
	↓	$\downarrow$	
	Only Cash transactions are	Both cash and credit transactions are	
	recorded	recorded	

Teaching Strategies	Problem based learning - students use knowledge, concepts and skills relevant to	
Teaching Strategies	a course to solve realistic business problems	
	Questioning and discussion and demonstration technique will be used.	
Evaluation	MCQ will be taken through Google form for evaluation.	
	Class test will be taken, assignments will be collected and PPTs will be checked.	
Recapitulation	Teacher will recapitulate the chapters by asking some questions where the students	
	will show their keen result. The chapter will be summarized to clear all the queries of	
	the students.	
Teacher self	The chapter includes active participation of students. They gave good response and	
assessment	understood the concept well.	

## **Lesson Title:- Accounting Equation**

Technology used	<ul> <li>Zoom, slide show and Google form will be used as software tools to explain theory base of Accounting, Accounting Standards and IFRS in a better way.</li> <li>Smart board, White Board and Text - Books will be used to explain in a better way.</li> </ul>
Previous Knowledge Testing	<ul> <li>What are Assets?</li> <li>What are Liabilities?</li> <li>What are the Equities?</li> <li>Equities = ?</li> </ul>
Learning Objectives	To provide the knowledge about accounting equation and effects of transactions on accounting equation.
Curriculum Addressed	<ul> <li>Meaning of an Accounting Equation</li> <li>Effects of Transactions on Accounting Equation</li> <li>Process of Preparing Accounting Equation</li> <li>Rules for Accounting Equation</li> <li>Effects of Adjustment Transactions on Accounting Equation</li> </ul>
Other Resources	<ul> <li>Case based and situation based questions will be given to students for more clarity.</li> <li>Assignments, PPTs and NCERT reference books will be provided for more practice</li> <li>Library resources, video lessons and you tube link will be shared -</li> <li>Diksha link will be shared -</li> </ul>
Student Engagement	<ul> <li>Students will be given situation based questions to involve their active participation and explain the topic well.</li> <li>Students will be given examples, pictures and flow charts to make in the notebook.</li> </ul>
Art Integration towards Experiential learning and subject enrichment	Formats, diagrams and formulas will be used as visual aid for effective teaching.  Competency - This art programme will help in encouraging students, to improve their concentration, problem - solving and deep thinking skills.  The Basic Accounting Equation  Putting All Accounts Together  Assets  Liabilities - Owners Equity  Dr. Cr. Dr. Cr.  Paid-in Capital Retained Earnings  Dr. Cr. Dr. Cr.  Revenues Expenses Dividends  Dr. Cr. Dr. Cr.  Dr. Cr. Dr. Cr. Dr. Cr.  Dr. Cr. Dr. Cr. Dr. Cr.  Dr. Cr. Dr. Cr. Dr. Cr.  Dr. Cr. Dr. Cr. Dr. Cr.  Dr. Cr. D
Teaching Strategies	<ul> <li>Interaction and explanation method will be used.</li> <li>Demonstration technique will be used</li> <li>Group learning - Students work together in teams, collaborating to complete a problem or project.</li> </ul>

Evaluation	<ul> <li>Class test will be taken, assignments will be collected and PPTs will be checked.</li> <li>MCQ will be taken through Google form for evolution of students.</li> </ul>
Recapitulation	In order to test the understanding of students, students will be choosen at random and
	will be asked to solve the numerical and in case of unsuccessful attempt, the procedure
	will be explained again.
Teacher self	The chapter included active participation of students. They gave good response and
assessment	understood the concept well. Latest technology will used which will be the strength of
	the chapter.

## Lesson Title:- Accounting Procedures - Rules of Debit and Credit

Technology used	• Slide show, Google form and Zoom will be used as software tools to explain the		
	accounting procedure rules of Debit and credit.		
	• Smart board, white board and text books will be used as hardware tools to		
	explain well.		
Previous Knowledge	What is an Account?		
Testing	What is Debit and Credit?		
S	<ul> <li>What is Beoft and Credit?</li> <li>What is the rule of Debit and credit?</li> </ul>		
	Assets = ? + Liabilities		
	_		
<b>Learning Objectives</b>	To provide the knowledge about making of accounts, balance of account and rules of		
	debit and credit.		
Curriculum	Meaning of Account		
Addressed	Meaning of Debit and Credit		
	Classification of Accounts		
	Balancing an Account		
	Significance of Debit and Credit Balance in Accounts.		
Other Resources	Case studies and situation based question will be given to students for more		
	clarity.		
	• Assignments, PPTs and NCERT reference books will be provided for more		
	practice.		
	Library resources, video lessons and you tube link will be shared -		
	Diksha link will be shared -		
<b>Student Engagement</b>	• Students will be given examples, pictures and flow charts to make in the		
	notebook.		
	• Students will be given situation based question to involve their active		
	participation and explain the topic well.		
Art Integration	Flow charts, examples and diagrams will eb used to explain the topic.		
towards Experiential	Competency - This art programme will help in encouraging students to improve their		
learning and subject enrichment	technical, concentration, problem - solving and deep thinking skills.		
enrichment	Traditional Classification of Accounts		
	- Pensonal Accounts Impersonal Accounts		
	Anticial Personal Representative Real Normal		
	Accounts Accounts Personal Accounts Accounts Accounts		
	Modern Classification of Accounts		
	Asset Accounts Liability Accounts Capital Accounts Perenue Accounts Expense Account		
	Poles of Debt and Credit Assets = Liabition = Capital = Prolifs = Losses (3),7656b (2) Liabities		
	Cebit Debit Credit Debit Increase (+) Increase (+) Decrease (-) Decrease (-) Increase (+)		
	Debt Credit Decrease (-) Increase (+)  (4) Expense (Loss) (5) Revenue Credit		
	(4) Experise (coss)  Credit Dabi Credit Increase (+)  Decrease (-)  Decrease (-)  Decrease (-)		

Teaching Strategies	<ul> <li>Technology based - course delivered partially or wholly online.</li> <li>Questioning and discussion will be done</li> <li>Interaction and explanation method will be used.</li> </ul>
Evaluation	<ul> <li>Class test will be taken, assignments will be collected and PPTs will be checked.</li> <li>MCQ will be taken through Google form</li> </ul>
Recapitulation	Teacher will recapitulate the chapter by asking some questions. IT will improve their communication and creative skills. In case of queries the chapter will be summarized.
Teacher self assessment	The chapter includes active participation of students. They gave good response and understood the concept well. The strength of the lesson was latest technology used.

## **Lesson Title:- Origin of Transactions - Source Documents and Preparation of Vouchers**

Technology used	• Slide show, zoom and Google form will be used as software tools to explain
	origin of Transactions.
	• White board, smart board and text books will be used as hardware tools to
	explain.
Previous Knowledge	• What are source documents?
Testing	Why it is essential to have source documents?
	Which source document have you seen?
	What are supporting documents?
Learning Objectives	To provide knowledge about source documents, vouchers, its method and types of
	vouchers.
Curriculum	Source Documents
Addressed	Meaning of Vouchers
	Types of vouchers
	Source vouchers
	Accounting vouchers
	Preparation of vouchers
Other Resources	Assignments, PPTs and NCERT reference books will be provided for more
other Resources	practice.
	<ul> <li>Case studies will be given to students to clear the topic.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Library resources, video lessons and you tube link will be shared -</li> </ul>
	Diksha link will be shared -
	Diksha ilik wili oc shared -
Student Engagement	• Students will be given case based questions to involve their active participation
	and to explain the topic well.
	• Students will be shown pictures, examples and flow charts and will be asked to
	paste in their notebooks.
Art Integration	Pictures and diagrams will be used as visual aid for effective teaching. This art
· ·	programme will help in encouraging students to improve their concentration,
learning and subject	problem - solving and deep - thinking skills.
enrichment	
Teaching Strategies	Demonstration technique will be used.
	• Problem based learning - students use knowledge, concepts and skills relevant to
	a course to solve realistic business problems.
Evaluation	MCQ will be taken through Google form
	• Class test will be taken, assignments will be collected and PPTs will be checked.
Recapitulation	Teacher will recapitulate the chapter by asking some questions. In order to test the
_	understanding of the topic, students will be at random and asked to solve the
	problems and in case of unsuccessful attempt, the procedure will be explained again.
Teacher self	The chapter includes active participation of students. They gave good response and
assessment	understood the concept well.
assessment	

#### **Lesson Title:- Journal**

Technology used	• Zoom, Google form and slide show will be used as software tools to explain journal.
	Smart board, white board and text books will be used as hardware tools to explain.
Previous Knowledge	Name the book where transactions are recorded at first.
Testing	Why journal is called Primary Book?
	What is the meaning of chronological order?
Learning Objectives	To provide knowledge about meaning of Journal and Journalizing. To make students
g : <b>g</b> :	understand about GST and its treatment. To make them understand about the steps in
	journalizing including GST and excluding GST.
Curriculum	Meaning of Journal and Journalising
Addressed	Characteristics and Advantages of Journal.
	Limitations of Journal
	Steps in Journalising
	Simple and Compound Journal entries
	Discount & Rebate
	Opening entry
	Concept of Goods and Service Tax (GST)
	Accounting entries related to GST
Other Resources	• Assignments, PPTs and NCERT reference books will be provided for more practice.
	• Case studies and situation based questions will be given to students to clear the
	topic.
	Library resources, video lessons and you tube link will be shared -      Did to the state of the state o
Ct. L. (F.	Diksha link will be shared -
Student Engagement	• Students will be given examples, pictures and flow charts to make in the
	notebook.
	• Students will be given situation based question to involve their active participation and to explain the topic well.
	participation and to explain the topic well.
Art Integration	Flow charts, examples and diagrams will be used to explain the topic.
towards Experiential	Competency - This art programme will help in encouraging students to improve
learning and subject	their concentration, technical, social, problem solving and thinking skills.
enrichment	
	JOURNAL ENTRIES Transaction
	Journal Entries use the first step in accounting cycle. It is used to record all the business transactions.
	Process Identifying transactions -> Analysing transactions -> Making Journal Entries Reversing Entry
	RULES OF DEBIT AND CREDITS INTO STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P
	Debt Entry: Increase Asset / Pergud Acc and Decrasses Labilities / Equity and Labilities & Equity Coccesses success / Perpud Coccess
	RULES OF JOURNAL ENTRIES :: Compound Closing
	A Junical Entry must direct at east two accounts One to be debated and another to be accedited and sho total of debat chould be equal to total credits

<b>Teaching Strategies</b>	Technology based courses delivered partially or wholly online
	• Group learning - students work together in teams, collaborating to complete a
	problem.
	Interaction and explanation method will be used.
Evaluation	MCQ will be taken through Google form
	Class test will be taken, assignments will be collected and PPTs and Notebooks
	will be checked.
Recapitulation	For recapitulation, students will be choosen at random and will be asked to solve the
	problems and in case of unsuccessful attempt, the procedure will be explained again.
Teacher self	The chapter includes active participation of students. They gave good response and
assessment	understood the concept well.

## **Lesson Title:- Ledger**

Technology used	<ul> <li>Zoom, slide show and Google form will be used as software tools for better understanding of Ledger Accounts.</li> <li>Smart board, white boards and text books will be used as hardware tools to explain.</li> </ul>
Previous Knowledge Testing	<ul> <li>Name the book where transactions are classified.</li> <li>Which book is called 'Book of final entry'?</li> <li>Which book is called 'Primary Book of entry'?</li> </ul>
Learning Objectives	To provide knowledge about ledger, mechanics of posting and balancing of ledger accounts.
Curriculum Addressed	<ul> <li>Meaning of Ledger</li> <li>Features and utility of Ledger</li> <li>Mechanics of Posting</li> <li>Balancing of Ledger Accounts</li> <li>Difference between Journal and Ledger</li> <li>Trial Balance</li> </ul>
Other Resources  Student Engagement	<ul> <li>Assignments, PPTs and NCERT reference books will be provided for more practice.</li> <li>Case studies will be given to students for more clarity.</li> <li>Library resources, video lessons and you tube link will be shared -</li> <li>Diksha link will be shared -</li> <li>Students will be asked to make flow charts, diagrams and to paste pictures of the</li> </ul>
Student Engagement	<ul> <li>topic in the notebook.</li> <li>Students will be given case based questions for their active participation.</li> </ul>
Art Integration towards Experiential learning and subject enrichment	<ul> <li>Flow charts, tables, diagrams and pictures will be used to visual aid to make the chapter more interesting.</li> <li>Students will be given situation based questions to involve their active participation and to explain the topic well.</li> <li>Competency - This topic allows the students to advance their technical, social, problem solving and thinking skills.</li> </ul>
	Dr. NAME OF THE ACCOUNT. e.g., WAGES ACCOUNT  Date Particulars J.F.* Amount (₹) Date of Name of the other account the other account the transaction transaction transaction the representation of the account the transaction transaction transaction transaction transaction transaction transaction transaction  *Journal Folio (J.F.) denotes folio or page number on which Journal entry is written.  PROCESS OF BALANCING LEDGER ACCOUNTS Total boils the sides of a Ledger Account the Debt Side as a transaction transa

<b>Teaching Strategies</b>	Interaction and explanation method will be used.
	Questioning and discussion method will be used.
	Problem base learning - students use knowledge, concepts and skills relevant to a
	course to solve realistic business problems.
Evaluation	MCQ will be taken through Google form
	• Class test will be taken, assignments will be collected and PPTs and Notebooks
	will be checked.
Recapitulation	In order to test the understanding of students, students will be choosen at random an
	asked to solve the problems and in case of unsuccessful attempt the chapter will be
	summarized.
Teacher self-	The chapter includes active participation of students. They gave good response and
assessment	understood the concept well. The strength of the lesson was latest technology.

## Lesson Title:- Special Purpose Books I - Cash Book

Technology used	<ul> <li>Slide show, google form and zoom will be used as software tools to explain about preparation of cash book.</li> <li>Smart board, white board and text books will be used as hardware tools to explain.</li> </ul>
Previous Knowledge Testing	<ul> <li>What are subsidiary books?</li> <li>Why there is need of sub - division of Journal?</li> <li>Which books are known as books of original entry?</li> </ul>
Learning Objectives	To provide knowledge about subsidiary books, their types, balancing and posting of cash book.
Curriculum Addressed	<ul> <li>Meaning of Subsidiary Books of Accounting.</li> <li>Classification of Subsidiary Books or Sub - division of Journal</li> <li>Advantages of Subsidiary Books</li> <li>Meaning and features of cash book.</li> <li>Kinds or types of cash book.</li> <li>Balancing and posting of cash book</li> <li>Petty cash book.</li> </ul>
Other Resources	<ul> <li>Case studies will be given to students to clear the topic.</li> <li>Assignments, PPT's and NCERT reference books will be provided for more practice.</li> <li>Library resources, video lessons and you tube link will be shared.</li> <li>Diksha link will be shared.</li> </ul>
Student Engagement	<ul> <li>Students will be given case based questions to involve their active participation and explain the topic well.</li> <li>Student will be asked to make flow charts, diagrams of the chapter to make it more interesting.</li> </ul>
Art Integration towards Experiential learning and subject enrichment	<ul> <li>Flow charts, examples and pictures will be used to visual aids to make the chapter more interesting and easily understandable</li> <li>Competency - This programme will help in improving students communication skills, concentration, problems solving and deep thinking skills.</li> <li>Types of Cash Book</li> <li>Single Column Cash Book</li> <li>Column Cash Book</li> <li>Double Column CAsh Book</li> </ul>

Teaching Strategies	<ul> <li>Group learning - students work together in teams, collaborating to complete a problem.</li> <li>Debate - students work together in teams, collaborating to complete a problem.</li> <li>Interaction and explanation method will be used.</li> </ul>
Evaluation	<ul> <li>Class test will be taken, assignments will be collected and PPTs will be checked.</li> <li>MCQ will be taken through Google form</li> </ul>
Recapitulation	The teacher will recapitulate the chapter by choosing students at random and asking them to solve the problems and in case of unsuccessful attempt, the procedure will be explained again.
Teacher self - assessment	The chapter includes active participation of students. They gave good response and understood the concept well.

## **Lesson Title:- Special Purpose Books II - Other Book**

Technology used	<ul> <li>Zoom, slide show and Google form will be used as software tools to explain the accounting treatment other subsidiary books.</li> <li>Smart board, white board and text books will be used as hardware tools to explain the topic.</li> </ul>
Previous Knowledge Testing	<ul> <li>What is the sub - division of Journal?</li> <li>What are special journals?</li> <li>In which transactions other than cash are recorded?</li> <li>Why is it important to classify transactions?</li> </ul>
Learning Objectives	To provide knowledge about subsidiary books and their mechanism of posting of subsidiary books.
Curriculum Addressed	<ul> <li>Sub division of journal</li> <li>Purchase Book</li> <li>Sales Book</li> <li>Purchase Return Book</li> <li>Sales Return Book</li> <li>Journal Proper</li> <li>Mechanism of Posting of Subsidiary Books or Special Journals</li> </ul>
Other Resources	<ul> <li>Assignments, PPTs and NCERT reference books will be provided for more practice.</li> <li>Case studies and situation based questions will be given to students for more clarification</li> <li>Library resources, video lessons and you tube link will be shared.</li> <li>Diksha link will also be shared.</li> </ul>
Student Engagement	<ul> <li>Students will be given situation based questions to involve their active participation.</li> <li>Students will be asked to make flow charts and diagrams to make chapter more interesting.</li> </ul>
Art Integration towards Experiential learning and subject enrichment	Flow charts, examples, tables, formats and diagrams will be used to make the chapter easily understandable.  Competency - It will improve their communication skills, creativity and their practical approach.
	Subsidiary Books  Cash Book  Purchase Book  Purchase Return Book  Sales Return Book  Bill Payable Book  Bill Receivable book  Bill Receivable book  (Note: All other entries done in "Journal Proper")

<b>Teaching Strategies</b>	Demonstration technique will be used.
	Interaction and explanation method will be used.
	Problem based learning - students use knowledge, concepts and skills relevant to
	a course to solve business problems.
Evaluation	MCQ will be taken through Google form.
	• Class test will be taken, assignments will be collected and notebooks and PPTs
	will be checked.
Recapitulation	Teacher will summaries the chapter after completion. It will be recapitulated by
	asking some questions. It will improve their confidence and practical approach.
Teacher self -	The chapter includes active participation of students. They gave good response and
assessment	understood the concept well.

#### **Lesson Title:- Bank Reconciliation Statement**

Technology used	<ul> <li>Slide show, Google from and zoom will be used as software tools to explain the preparation of Bank Reconciliation statement.</li> <li>Smart board, white board and text books will be used as hardware tools to explain the topic.</li> </ul>
Previous Knowledge Testing	<ul> <li>What is Cash Book?</li> <li>What is Pass Book?</li> <li>Who maintains Cash Book?</li> <li>State any one reason of difference between cash book and pass book.</li> </ul>
Learning Objectives	To provide knowledge about bank reconciliation statement, its reasons of difference between cash book and pass book and methods of preparing bank reconciliation statement.
Curriculum Addressed	<ul> <li>Meaning of Bank Reconciliation statement.</li> <li>Need and importance of Bank Reconciliation statement.</li> <li>Reasons of difference between balance as per cash book and pass book.</li> <li>Methods of preparing Book Reconciliation statement.</li> <li>Preparation of Bank Reconciliation statement.</li> <li>Preparation of Bank Reconciliation statement from corrected (Adjusted) Cash Book Balance.</li> </ul>
Other Resources	<ul> <li>Case study based questions and situation base questions will be given to students for more practice.</li> <li>Assignments, PPTs and Numerical of NCERT reference books will be given to students for more active participation.</li> <li>Library resources, video lessons and you tube link will be shared</li> <li>Diksha app link will also be shared.</li> </ul>
Student Engagement	<ul> <li>Students will be asked to draw tables, flow charts, pictures for their active participation and which will make topic more interesting.</li> <li>Students will be given situation based questions to seek their attention and active participation.</li> </ul>
Art Integration	Flow charts, tables and pictures will make chapter easily understandable.
towards Experiential learning and subject	Competency - It will improve their problem - solving skills, technical skills, social skills and practical approach.
enrichment	BANK RECONCILIATION STATEMENT  - Insulgate with recent is to effective internal control system washed to seduce suppressed from the between introace and setted preparate.  - Insulgate differences between the book behave and cleent recentifies, to highlight the paper not occurred with the control of the co

<b>Teaching Strategies</b>	• Group learning - students work together in teams, collaborating to complete a problem.
	Questioning and discussion method will be used.
	Interaction and explanation method will be used.
Evaluation	• Class Test will be taken, assignments will be collected, PPTs and notebooks will
	be checked for evaluation of students.
	MCQ will be taken through Google form.
Recapitulation	After completion of the chapter teacher will summaries the chapter. Students will be
	chosen at random to ask questions and in case of unsuccessful attempt the concept
	will be explained again.
Teacher self-	The chapter includes active participation of students. They gave good response and
assessment	understood the concept well. Latest technology used was the strength of lesson.

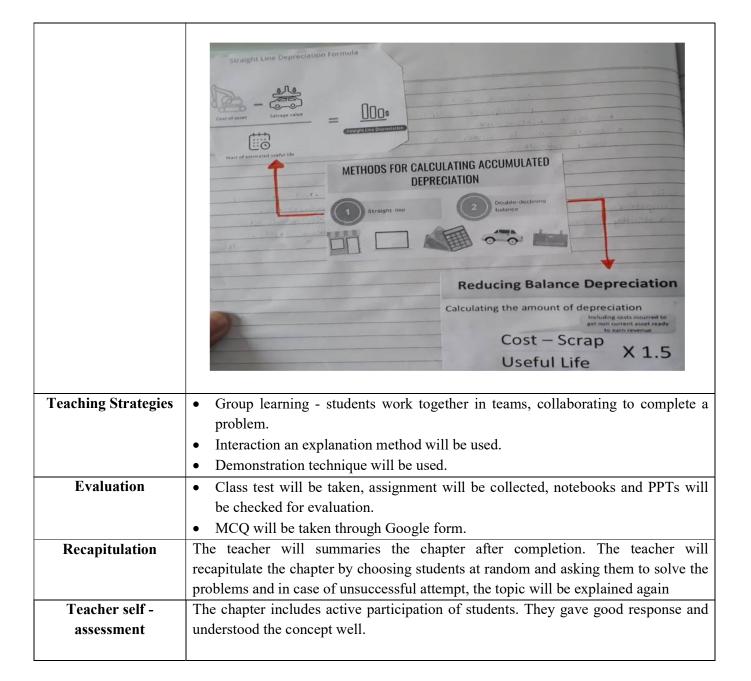
#### **Lesson Title:- Trial Balance**

Technology used	<ul> <li>Google form zoom and slide show will be used as software tools to explain about Trial Balance.</li> <li>Smart board, white board and Text books will be used as hardware tools to explain the topic.</li> </ul>
Previous Knowledge	State the golden rules of accounting.
Testing	• What are debit and credit balances?
	• Where will the transaction be posted?
	• If the total of credit entry is greater, it is called a balance.
Learning Objectives	To provide knowledge about meaning of Trial Balance, features and functions of Trial Balance and preparation of Trial Balance.
Curriculum	Meaning of Trial Balance.
Addressed	• Characteristics or features of Trial Balance.
	• Objectives or functions of Trial Balance.
	• Limitations of Trial Balance.
	• Preparing a Trial Balance.
Other Resources	<ul> <li>Assignments, PPTs and numerical from NCERT reference books will be to students for more practice and which will make the topic more interesting.</li> <li>Case studies will be given to students for active participation.</li> <li>Library resources, video lessons and you tube link will be shared.</li> <li>Diksha app link will also be shared.</li> </ul>
Student Engagement	<ul> <li>Students will be given situation based questions to seek their attention and active participation.</li> <li>Students will be asked to make flow charts, diagrams, paste pictures which will the topic more interesting.</li> </ul>
Art Integration	Flow charts, tables and pictures will be used as visual aid to explain the chapter
towards Experiential	which will it more interesting for students.
learning and subject	Competency - This art programme will help in encouraging students to improve their
enrichment	concentration problem solving skills, deep - thinking skills and technical skills.
	Trial Balance as on 31st March.  Heads of Accounts  L.F Debit Balance Credit Balance
	Reads of Accounts L.F Debit Balance Credit Balance (Rs.) (Rs.)
	(RS.)
	Total
Teaching Strategies	<ul> <li>Interaction and explanation method will be used.</li> <li>Problem based learning students use knowledge, concepts and skills relevant to a course to solve realistic business problems.</li> <li>Group learning - Students work together in teams, collaborating to complete a problem.</li> </ul>

Evaluation	MCQ will be taken through Google Form.		
	• Class test will be taken, assignments will be collected, PPTs and Notebooks will be checked.		
Recapitulation	The teacher will recapitulate the chapter by choosing students at random and asking them to solve the problems and in case of unsuccessful attempt, the chapter will be summarized again.		
Teacher self- assessment	The chapter includes active participation of students. They gave good response and understood the concept well.		

#### **Lesson Title:- Depreciation**

Lesson Title Deprecia	atton				
Technology used	<ul> <li>Slide show, PPTs and zoom will be used as software tools to explain the meaning and accounting treatment of depreciation.</li> <li>Smart board, white board and text books will be used as hardware tools to explain the topic.</li> </ul>				
Previous Knowledge	What is Depreciation?				
Testing	• Is land a depreciable asset?				
	• Is depreciation charged on current assets?				
	Is there any effect of depreciation on business?				
Learning Objectives	To provide knowledge about meaning of depreciation, amortization and depletion.				
	To explain the causes of depreciation, methods of depreciation and preparation of				
	Asset Disposal Account.				
Curriculum	Meaning of Depreciation				
Addressed	Depreciation, Amortization and Depletion				
	Causes or reasons of depreciation				
	Accounting concept of depreciation and depreciation accounting.				
	Objectives or need for providing depreciation.				
	Features or basis of providing depreciation				
	Methods of recording (Accounting) depreciation				
	Difference between depreciation account and provision for depreciation account				
	Methods of depreciation				
	Preparation of Asset Disposal Account.				
	Difference between straight line method and written down value method.				
Other Resources	Case based and situation based questions will be given to students for more				
	active participation.				
	• Assignments, PPTs and numerical from NCERT reference books will be given to				
	students for more practice which will make the topic more interesting.				
	• Library resources, video lessons and you tube link will be shared.				
Student Engagement	Diksha app link will also be shared.  On the state of the state o				
Student Engagement	• Students will be asked to make flow charts, diagrams and paste pictures for their active participation which will make the topic more interesting.				
	Students will be given case based questions to seek their attention.				
Art Integration	Diagrams, tables, pictures and formulas will be used to make the chapter easily				
towards Experiential	understandable.				
learning and subject	Competency - It will improve their concentration, technical skills, creativity,				
enrichment	practical approach and problem - solving skills?				
	Depreciation The planned write-down of the business assets over time due to wear and toar and obsolescence  Decline in an asset's value over time over 20 years  Typical car depreciation over 20 years  One of the planned write-down of the business assets over time over 20 years  One of the planned write-down of the business asset over time over 20 years  One of the planned write-down of the business asset over time over 20 years  One of the planned write-down of the business and the planned write-down of the business asset over time over 20 years  One of the planned write-down of the business and to wear and toar and obsolescence  One of the planned write-down of the business asset over time over 20 years  One of the planned write-down of the business asset over time over 20 years  One of the planned write-down of the business and to wear and to w				



#### **Lesson Title:- Provisions an Reserves**

Ecsson Title TTOVISIO						
Technology used	• PPTs, zoom and slide show will be used as software tools to explain about					
	provision and reserves					
	• Smart board, white board and text books will be used as hardware tools to					
	explain the topic.					
Previous Knowledge	What is Provision?					
Testing	• What is Reserve?					
	• Why a part of current earning is kept aside?					
Learning Objectives	To provide knowledge about provisions, concepts and objectives of provisions. To					
	enable students in understanding the meaning, importance and types of reserves. To					
	provide knowledge about the difference between different types of reserves.					
Curriculum	Meaning and importance of Provisions.					
Addressed	Concept of Provisions					
	Objectives of Provisions					
	Meaning, importance and types of reserves					
	<ul> <li>Revenue recourse and capital reserve</li> <li>Difference between Revenue Receipt and capital reserve</li> </ul>					
	Difference between General reserve and specific reserve      Secret reserve.					
	• Secret reserve					
O.I. D	Difference between reserve and provision.					
Other Resources	• Assignment, PPTs and numerical form NCERT reference books will be given to					
	students for more practice which will the topic more interesting.					
	Case based questions will be given to student for their active participation.					
	Library resources, video lessons and you tube link will be shared.					
	Diksha app link will also be shared.					
Student Engagement	Students will be asked to make flow charts, diagrams and paste pictures for their					
	active participation which will make the topic more interesting.					
	<ul> <li>Students will be given case based and situation based questions to seek their</li> </ul>					
	activation.					
Art Integration	Flow charts, pictures and diagrams will be used as visual aid for effective teaching.					
towards Experiential	Competency - This art programme will be helpful in encouraging the students to					
learning and subject	improve their concentration, communication, technical and problem - solving skills.					
enrichment	improve their concentration, communication, technical and problem - solving skills.					
	The state of the s					
	Reserve					
	6   A shape and					
	Revenue Reserve Capital Reserve					
	9. 1					
	The reserves created by retention of a staire of net profits for the year are staire of net profits for the year are staire as the profits of the year are staired as the year are s					
	August partereous reserves reserves reserves reserves reserves					
	Difference between Revenue Reserve and Capital Reserve					
	Basis Revenue Réserve  1 Source It is created out of business or revenue profits. It is created out of capital Reserve					
	2. Usage It can be used for distribution of dividends It can be used for distribution at dividends at the can be used for distribution at dividends at the can be used for distribution at dividends at the can be used for distribution at dividends at the can be used for distribution at dividends.					
	Purpose     It is created for strengthening the financial position and meeting the unforcement  It is created for meeting capital losses or to be used for numbers.  It is created for meeting capital losses or to be used for numbers.					
	contingencies or some specific purpose.					
	77-01k0021					

	Differences Between Provision and Reserve				
	Tutor's .com				
	Provision				
	Charged Against Profit.  Appropriation of Profit in to three accounts(items)				
	Net Profit / Loss  Actual Net Profit / Surpluses				
	less all type of provisions  Revenue Capital Profit for Distribution -				
	Got: - Actual Net Profit Reserve Reserve Distribution :				
<b>Teaching Strategies</b>	Interaction and explanation method will be used.				
	Demonstration technique will be used.				
	• Group learning - Students work together in teams, collaborating to complete a				
	problem.				
Evaluation	MCQ will be taken through Google form				
	Class test will be taken, assignments will be collected, notebooks and PPTs will				
	be checked				
Recapitulation	Teacher will recapitulate the chapter by asking few question so as to clarify the				
	doubts of students. In case of queries the chapter will be summarized.				
Teacher self-	The chapter includes active participation of students. They gave good response and				
assessment	understood the concept well.				

## **Holidays Home Work**

- Prepare Ch 1, 2 and 15 for periodic
- Do practical problems of Ch 5
- Complete the assignment
- Prepare project file 'Preparation of financial statements'

# **Revision Schedule**

S. No.	No. of Days	Dates	Content
1	2		Ch -1 Revision and class test for periodic
2	2		Ch -2 Revision and class test for periodic
3	2		Ch -5 Revision and class test for periodic
4	1		Ch - 1 Revision and class test
5	1		Ch - 2 Revision and class test
6	1		Ch - 3 Revision and class test
7	1		Ch - 4 Revision and class test
8	1		Ch - 5 Revision and class test
9	1		Ch - 6 Revision and class test
10	1		Ch - 7 Revision and class test
11	1		Ch - 8 Revision and class test
12	1		Ch - 9 Revision and class test
13	1		Ch - 10 Revision and class test
14	1		Ch - 11 Revision and class test
15	1		Ch - 12 Revision and class test
16	1		Ch - 13 Revision and class test
17	1		Ch - 14 Revision and class test
18	1		Ch - 15 Revision and class test
19	1		Test of 1 mark questions of Ch - 1 to 15
20	1		Test of 3 and 4 mark questions of Ch - 1 to 15
21	1		Test of 6 and 8 mark questions of Ch - 1 to 15
22	1		Test of Complete syllabus